	Historical Trust Inventory of Hi		pertic	es Form s	nrvey No. B-4920
1. Name					
Historic and / common	2101 – 2123 Booth Str	reet			
2. Location	[				
street & number	2101 – 2123 Booth Str	eet			
city, town	Baltimore				
state & zip code	Maryland 21205		county		
Category  district X building(s) structure	Ownership  public X private both	Status X occupied unoccupied work in pro		Present Use agriculture commercial educational	museum park X private residence
site object	Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Accessible X yes: restrictyes: unrestrino	ed	entertainment government industrial military	religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner o	f Property				
name	270 <u>- 7 </u>				
street & number city, town			state & zip	teleph	one
	of Legal Descr				
courthouse, registry of	of deeds, etc. Baltimore City	Land Records		8	liber
street & number		hell Courthouse			folio
6 Pannagar	80 8 200 9 10			faryland	
	itation in Existi	ng mstor	ical S	urveys	
date		federal	etato	agust.	local
depository for survey		redej di	state	county	iocai
	2.0.2900304.30007.				

state & zip code

city, town

Maryland	Historical	Trust			
Maryland	<b>Inventory</b>	of Historic	Proper	ties	Form

Survey No. B-4920

#### 7. Description

Condition		Check One	Check One
excellent good _x fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered X altered	X original sitemoved: date of move:

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This row of twelve two-bay-wide, two-story Renaissance Revival-style swell-front brick houses with shed roofs and sheet metal cornices were built. c. 1895. They are the only swell-front small street houses to be found in the city of Baltimore since in most cases builders erected stylish swell-front houses only on main street. All but one of the houses retain their original brick facades, which were always painted; the other has been covered with formstone.

The houses are two stories in height, two rooms deep with the kitchen located in the basement. Because the houses are sited on a steep slope a basement door opens directly into the rear yard. The houses are constructed in common bond, which was originally painted. The swelled bay is quite shallow, due to the narrowness of the façade. The sheet metal cornice consists of a crown molding and lower frieze area, decorated with a row of dentils. Two end brackets, with arched caps decorated with rosettes, that rise above the roofline, frame the cornice on each house. Chimneys are located at the rear corner of the house.

Door and window openings have segmentally arched brick lintels, composed of a double row of headers, and plain tympanums. The sills are wood. One set of original 2/2 sash survives, but the other windows are filled with 1/1 replacement sash. No original doors survive and the row shows a mix of replacement door styles, all surmounted by a single-light transom. The houses sit on medium-height basements, lit by a single-light sash. The entrances are reached by four concrete, brick, or wooden steps.

Maryland Historica	l Trust			
<b>Maryland Inventory</b>	of Historic	Prope	rties Fo	orm

Survey No. B-4920

#### 8. Significance

Period	Area of significance	check one & justify		
prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 1900	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	X community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration industry invention	landscape architecturelawliteraturemilitarymusicphilosophypolitics/government	religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theatre transportation other: specify
Specific dates c. 1	1895		Builder/Architect	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This group of houses is extremely significant as the sole example of swell-front small street houses in the city of Baltimore. It shows the level of architectural stylishness builders were willing to give to small street houses in the late nineteenth century and is testament to the fact that their was no stigma attached to small street living. The houses were built according to a pattern that was quite common to the city's working class neighborhoods of the period c. 1870 to 1910. Recognizing that workers held different levels of jobs (and pay), builders created a hierarchy of house sizes (and prices) in the new neighborhoods going up to serve the expanding factory districts ringing the harbor and northeast and southwest of the central city. Builders acquired anywhere from an eighth to a half of a city block and built 14' to 15'-wide three-bay-wide, two-story houses on the main streets, and smaller, 11' to 13'-wide two-bay-wide, two-story houses on the narrower streets bisecting the blocks. Typically, in this period, main street houses might sell for \$1,200 - \$1,500; small street houses for \$700 - \$900.

The houses are especially significant because of their proximity to the slaughterhouses of southwest Baltimore and their related industries, particularly the William Wilkens & Co. Curled Hair Manufactory, one of the largest employers in the area. A number of German-American owned breweries were also located in this section of the city. Moderately-priced housing was built to provide homes for the mainly German immigrants who came to southwest Baltimore to work in these rapidly expanding industries in the decades after the Civil War.

#### Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B-4920

# 9. Major Bibliographic References

Mary Ellen Hayward and Charles Belfoure, *The Baltimore Rowhouse* (New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 1999)

### 10. Geographic Data

Acreage of nominated property

Quadrangle name

Verbal boundary description and justification

# 11. Form Prepared by

name / title Dr. Mary Ellen Hayward	
Organization The Alley House Project	date
street & number 1306 Carrollton Ave.	telephone
city, town Baltimore	state & zip code Maryland 21204

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotate Maryland, Article 41, section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

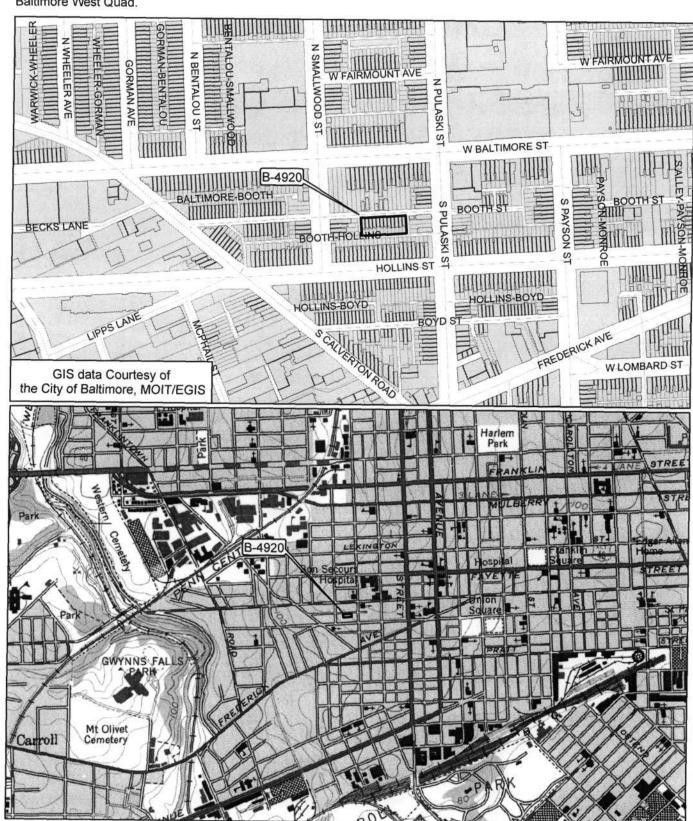
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Return to: DHCP/DHCD Maryland Historical Trust 100 Community Place Crownsville MD 21032-2023

# PARTOFWARDS 19,20&21



B-4920 2101-2123 Booth Street Block 0205, Lots 61-72 Baltimore City Baltimore West Quad.





B-4920 2101-2123 BOOTH St. BALTO, MD

BALTO, MD W. Nield W/00

MB SAPO 1/2



B-4920 2103 Booth St BALTO.MD W. Nield 6/00 MD SHPO 7/2